

Government Decree 408/2020 (30 August)
on travel restrictions during the period of state of epidemiological preparedness

The Government,
on the basis of authorisation under point *c*) of section 247 (1b) of Act CLIV of 1997 on healthcare,
acting, with respect to sections 9, 10 and 19, within its original legislative power laid down in Article 15 (3) of the Fundamental Law,
acting, with respect to 16, on the basis of authorisation under point *a*) of section 15 (4) of Act XI of 1991 on healthcare authorities and administration,
acting within its function laid down in Article 15 (1) of the Fundamental Law,
decrees as follows:

1. General provisions

Section 1 (1) The scope of this Decree shall cover border crossings with an ordinary passport or other travel document for reasons other than official reasons.

(2) For the purposes of this Decree, the following shall receive the same treatment as Hungarian citizens:

- a*) persons entitled to permanent residence in Hungary and their family members, provided that this right is certified by a document, and
- b*) persons holding a valid permit to reside for more than 90 days within the territory of Hungary issued by the immigration authority under any legal title, who present the document to that effect upon entering the country,
- c*) competitors and sports technicians, as defined by the Act on sports, of any Hungarian sports organisations, when entering the territory of Hungary after having participated in an international sports event organised abroad,
- d*) persons participating, on the basis of a personal invitation or delegation by a Hungarian sports organisation, in an international sports event organised abroad, when entering the territory of Hungary after having participated in an international sports event organised abroad,
- e*) persons employed by a Hungarian cultural institution, when entering the territory of Hungary after having participated, as a performer or as a member of the technical staff, in a cultural event organised abroad.

(3) The following shall not fall within the scope of this Decree:

- a*) border-crossing freight traffic,
- b*) border crossing with an official passport defined in section 6/A (2) of Act XII of 1998 on travelling abroad,
- c*) persons who, upon entering the territory of Hungary, provide credible evidence that they have gone through COVID-19 disease (hereinafter “infection”) within 6 months before the day of presenting themselves at the border,
- d*) persons who, upon border crossing, certify their immunity to coronavirus by presenting an official verification card within the meaning of Government Decree 60/2021 (12 February) on certifying immunity to coronavirus (hereinafter “Government Decree 60/2021”) (hereinafter “immunity certificate”) and the official verification card suitable for verifying identity indicated in the immunity certificate,

e) persons holding a certificate of immunity issued by a country that has entered into a bilateral agreement with Hungary on the mutual acceptance of certificates of immunity who certify their immunity to coronavirus by presenting the official verification card certifying immunity to coronavirus issued by that country,

f) persons holding a certificate of immunity issued by a country, certificates of immunity issued by which are unilaterally recognised by Hungary who certify their immunity to coronavirus by presenting the official verification card certifying immunity to coronavirus issued by that country,

g) persons who have not attained the age of eighteen years, are under the supervision of a person under point *d)* to *f)*, and cross the border of Hungary together with him,

h) persons who enter the territory of Hungary from the territory of the Republic of Croatia, the Republic of Austria, Romania, the Republic of Serbia, the Slovak Republic, the Republic of Slovenia or Ukraine, not including entry by civil aircraft, and

i) persons who certify that at the time of the examination, the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus could not be detected in him by presenting a document in Hungarian or English language that contains the result of a molecular biological examination (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare, carried out within the preceding 72 hours in a country listed in section 3 (2a) *a)* to *i)* of Government Decree 60/2021.

(3a) Certifying immunity to coronavirus by an IT application certifying vaccination within the meaning of Government Decree 60/2021 shall be regarded as equivalent to presenting an immunity certificate.

(3b) When certifying immunity to coronavirus pursuant to paragraph (3a), the person concerned may be requested to present also an official verification card suitable for verifying identity also separately.

(3c) The organ or person checking the IT application certifying vaccination shall be authorised to access the data indicated in the official verification card under paragraph (3b) of the person concerned and in the application, with the proviso that the organ or person shall not record the data in any form unless otherwise provided in a government decree adopted on the basis of Article 53 (2) of the Fundamental Law.

(3d) It shall be equivalent to presenting an immunity certificate if, by presenting an EU Digital COVID Certificate under Regulation (EU) 2021/953 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2021 on a framework for the issuance, verification and acceptance of interoperable COVID-19 vaccination, test and recovery certificates (EU Digital COVID Certificate) to facilitate free movement during the COVID-19 pandemic (hereinafter “Regulation”) (hereinafter “digital COVID certificate”), the person concerned certifies that

a) he has received at least the first dose of a vaccine against coronavirus that
aa) is authorised by the European Medicines Agency,
ab) has been listed for emergency use by the World Health Organization, or
ac) is authorised and used for vaccinating the population in Hungary,
and a period of one year from the first vaccination has not yet expired,
b) he is immune to coronavirus due to having been recovered from the infection, or
c) a molecular biological examination (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare that is not older than 72 hours certifies that at the time of the examination, the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus could not be detected in the person concerned.

(3e) A person shall be immune due to recovery from the infection pursuant to paragraph (3d) *b)* if he certifies with a digital COVID certificate that at least 15 days but less than 180 days elapsed since the date on which he was last subject to a molecular biological examination for COVID-19 diagnostics complying with the professional rules of healthcare, that is a SARS-CoV-2 PCR test, which produced a positive result or on which a positive rapid

antigen test necessary for the certificate under Article 7 of the Regulation was carried out in accordance with the Regulation.

(3f) When certifying immunity to coronavirus in accordance with paragraph (3d), the person concerned may be requested to present an official verification card suitable for verifying identity also separately; the organ or person verifying the digital COVID certificate shall be authorised to access the data indicated in the official verification card suitable for verifying identity of the person concerned and in the digital COVID certificate, with the proviso that the organ or person shall not record the data in any form unless otherwise provided in an Act or in a government decree adopted on the basis of Article 53 (2) of the Fundamental Law in the period of state of danger.

(4) For the purposes of this Decree, border crossing for official reasons means crossing the border with an ordinary passport or other travel document to conduct an official visit.

2. Rules governing the entry into Hungary of Hungarian citizens

Section 2 (1) With the exceptions specified in an Act or a government decree, when entering the territory of Hungary by personal traffic, Hungarian citizens or the family members of a Hungarian citizen not holding Hungarian citizenship (hereinafter jointly “Hungarian citizen”) arriving from abroad may be subjected to a health screening, which they shall be required to tolerate.

(2) A Hungarian citizen whose health screening raises the suspicion of the infection shall be placed in a quarantine facility designated in accordance with the provisions determined by the competent district (capital district) office acting within its functions relating to public health and having material competence under section 7 (1) of Government Decree 385/2016 (2 December) on the public health tasks of capital and county government offices and district (capital district) offices and the designation of the healthcare state administration organ (hereinafter “competent epidemiological authority”) or, if doing so does not pose any epidemiological risk, in an official home quarantine.

Section 3 A Hungarian citizen whose health screening raises no suspicion of the infection

a) shall be placed in official home quarantine for 10 days, provided that he has a domicile or place of residence in Hungary,

b) shall be placed in a quarantine facility designated by the competent epidemiological authority for 10 days, provided that he does not live abroad and does not have a domicile or place of residence in Hungary,

c) shall be placed in a quarantine facility designated by the competent epidemiological authority or in official home quarantine for 10 days, provided that he lives abroad and does not have a domicile or place of residence in Hungary.

Section 4 (1) At the request of a person placed in quarantine under section 3, the epidemiological authority competent to issue a decision ordering quarantine may allow the person placed in quarantine to take part, having regard to paragraph (1a), in molecular biological examinations (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare on two occasions within 5 days, with at least 48 hours passing between the examinations, in order to receive the exemption under paragraph (2).

(1a) In a situation under paragraph (1), in accordance with the provisions set out therein, an examination carried out in a country listed in section 3 (2a) *a)* to *i)* of Government Decree 60/2021 shall also be taken into account as the first molecular biological examination (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare, provided that the person concerned certifies its results by presenting a document to that effect in Hungarian or English language.

(2) In a situation under paragraph (1), if the molecular biological examinations (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) carried out on two occasions verify that at the time of the examination, the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus could not be detected in the person placed in quarantine, the epidemiological authority competent to issue a decision ordering quarantine shall grant exemption from the provision ordering quarantine.

3. Rules governing the entry into Hungary of persons not holding Hungarian citizenship

Section 5 With the exceptions specified in an Act or a government decree, access to the territory of Hungary shall be denied to persons other than Hungarian citizens arriving from abroad by personal traffic.

Section 6 (1) In a situation specified in paragraph (2), the competent local police organ of the location of the planned entry into the territory of Hungary or, in case of border crossing at the Budapest Ferenc Liszt International Airport, the District 18 Police Department of the Budapest Police Headquarters (hereinafter “police organ”) may, upon application, grant exemption from the provisions set out in section 5.

(2) With the exception set out in paragraph 8, the police organ may authorise entry under paragraph (1) if the applicant provides evidence that the objective of entry is

a) participating in a procedural act relating to the proceedings in Hungary of a court or an authority that is certified by a document issued by the Hungarian court or authority,

b)

c) receiving healthcare services on the basis of a referral issued by a healthcare institution or other appropriate certificate,

d) fulfilling a study or examination obligation arising from a student or pupil status, provided that it is certified by a certificate issued by the education institution,

e) travelling by personal traffic in connection with work related to carriage activities if it is aimed at arriving at the starting point of the carriage task (the location of commencement of work), or going home by personal traffic after such work, provided that it is certified by a certificate issued by the employer,

f) participating in family events (marriage, baptism, funeral),

g) caring for or nursing a relative as defined in Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code,

h) participating in church events of major importance that have international relevance, or

i) any legitimate reason other than those specified in points *a)* to *h)*.

(3) An application referred to in paragraph (1)

a) may be submitted only in electronic form and in Hungarian or English language,

b) may be submitted also by way of a statutory representative or by way of an agent designated in an authorisation drawn up as a private deed of full probative value.

(4) An agent may submit a single application in the name of multiple persons, provided that their entry takes place at the same time and for the same reason and the authorisations by the persons concerned are attached to the application.

(5) For close relatives living in the same household as the applicant, only a single application needs to be submitted in accordance with paragraph (4) if the border crossing takes place for the same reason and at the same time.

(6) The application shall specify the objective of entry under paragraph (2), the document suitable for personal identification to be used for crossing the state border and the identification number of that document, and shall be supplemented by the following:

a) a copy of the document certifying the objective of entry under paragraph (2) if it is possible taking into account the reasons for the application,

b) an authorisation if acting through an agent.

(7) An application referred to in paragraph (1) may be submitted only by filling in and sending

a) an electronic form through the e-government service “Cégkapu” (Company Gate) or “Ügyfélkapu” (Client Gate) in the course of administering matters electronically,

b) an intelligent form available on the website of the police if using “Cégkapu” or “Ügyfélkapu” is not possible.

(8) The police organ shall dismiss an application if

a) any doubt arises relating to the objective of entry under paragraph (2),

b) the entry poses any risk for

ba) epidemiological,

bb) public safety or

bc) national security

reasons.

(9) Appeals against the decision of the police organ shall be adjudicated by the county (capital) police headquarters responsible for the direction of the police organ.

Section 7 (1) Upon request by a police officer, when entering the territory of Hungary, the person exempted from the entry ban (hereinafter “permit holder”) shall present the original document submitted under section 6 (2) or section 6 (6) *a)* to certify the grounds for application (hereinafter “certificate of grounds”).

(2) Entry shall be denied if the permit holder fails to present the original certificate of grounds in accordance with paragraph (1), or any doubt arises regarding its authenticity upon entry.

(3) Upon entering Hungary, the permit holder may be subjected to a health screening, which he shall be required to tolerate;

a) a person whose health screening raises the suspicion of the infection shall not be granted entry to the territory of Hungary,

b) a person whose health screening raises no suspicion of the infection shall be placed in a quarantine facility designated by the competent epidemiological authority or official home quarantine for 10 days.

(4) At the request of a person placed in quarantine under paragraph (3) *b)*, the epidemiological authority competent to issue a decision ordering quarantine may allow the person placed in quarantine to take part, having regard to the provisions of paragraph (4a), in molecular biological examinations (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare on two occasions within 5 days, with at least 48 hours passing between the examinations, in order to receive the exemption under paragraph (5).

(4a) In a situation under paragraph (4), in accordance with the provisions set out therein, an examination carried out in any country listed in section 3 (2a) *a)* to *i)* of Government Decree 60/2021 shall also be taken into account as the first molecular biological examination (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare, provided that the person concerned certifies its results by presenting a document to that effect in Hungarian or English language.

(5) In a situation under paragraph (4), if the molecular biological examinations (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) carried out on two occasions verify that at the time of the examination, the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus could not be detected in the person placed in quarantine under paragraph (3) *b)*, the epidemiological authority competent to issue a decision ordering quarantine shall grant exemption from the provision ordering quarantine.

4. Provisions on the entry of military convoys

Section 8 Military convoys shall be entitled to enter, or passage through, the territory of Hungary, provided that in the course of troop movements, only technical devices, equipment and personnel are moved, authorisation to crossing the border is ensured by neighbouring countries, and

- a)* it is carried out for the performance of a task arising from obligations of allies or international agreements,
- b)* it qualifies as troop movement already authorised by the National Assembly or the Government,
- c)* its sole purpose is passage through the territory of Hungary, and
- d)* it is secured by the Hungarian police or military police and carried out using a specific route and, except for refuelling if strictly necessary or rest at a location determined by those securing the passage, without stopping.

5. Provisions on travel between affiliated undertakings

Section 9 (1) A person arriving from abroad may enter, without any restrictions, the territory of Hungary from the territory of other states determined by the minister responsible for public safety, provided that he is an executive officer or employee of a company registered in Hungary or in any of the states determined by the minister responsible for public safety that has an affiliated relation within the meaning of point 23 of section 4 of Act LXXXI of 1996 on corporate tax and dividend tax with a company registered in at least one of the states determined by the minister responsible for public safety.

(2) Entry without restrictions as provided for under paragraph (1) may only take place if the person referred to in paragraph (1) substantiates that the trip is for business reasons.

5/A. Provisions on travel for economic or business purposes, for the recognition of vaccination against coronavirus administered abroad and relating to protecting certain areas inhabited by Hungarians against coronavirus

Section 9/A (1) With the exception set out in paragraph (2), after leaving Hungary for economic or business purposes, a Hungarian citizen may enter the territory of Hungary in accordance with the provisions laid down in subtitle Rules governing the entry into Hungary of Hungarian citizens.

(2) After leaving, a Hungarian citizen may enter the territory of Hungary without any restrictions if, upon return to Hungary, the Hungarian citizen provides evidence that the purpose of his travel from Hungary to

- a)* a Member State of the European Union,
- b)* a state party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area other than those under point *a)*,
- c)* a state with the same status regarding the freedom of movement and of residence as a state party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area on the basis of an international treaty between the European Community and its Member States and the state not party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area,
- d)* a candidate country of the European Union,
- e)* the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, or
- f)* a state, other than those under points *a)* to *e)*, specified in a decree by the minister responsible for foreign policy in agreement with the minister responsible for border policing was an activity for economic or business purposes.

(3) Sections 2 to 4 shall apply if, upon the entry into Hungary by a Hungarian citizen, any doubt arises regarding the genuineness of the evidence substantiating the reason referred to in paragraph (2).

Section 9/B (1) With the exception set out in paragraph (2), a person other than a Hungarian citizen may enter the territory of Hungary for economic or business purposes in accordance with the provisions laid down in subtitle Rules governing the entry into Hungary of persons not holding Hungarian citizenship.

(2) From a state specified in section 9/A (2), a person who is

a) a citizen of a state specified in section 9/A (2), or

b) entitled to reside in a state specified in section 9/A (2) for longer than 90 days,

may enter the territory of Hungary without any restrictions, provided that his entry is for economic or business purposes and the person under point *a)* or *b)* provides evidence of this purpose upon entry to the territory of Hungary.

(3) Sections 5 to 7 shall apply if, upon the entry into Hungary by a person other than a Hungarian citizen, any doubt arises regarding the genuineness of the evidence substantiating the reason referred to in paragraph (2).

Section 9/C (1) A Hungarian citizen may enter the territory of Hungary without restrictions if

a) he certifies, upon entry into Hungary, being vaccinated with a vaccine authorised in the European Union or in Hungary and used for the inoculation of the population in a country listed in section 3 (2a) of Government Decree 60/2021.

b) he enters into Hungary to submit in person an application relating to an immunity certificate under section 3 (2a) of Government Decree 60/2021 at a government window, and

c) he submits at the government window the application under point *b)* no later than on the second working day following his entry.

(2) A person who has not attained the age of eighteen years and who is under the supervision of a Hungarian citizen may enter the territory of Hungary, together with the Hungarian citizen entering for a purpose under paragraphs (1) and (4), without any restrictions.

(3) If the Hungarian citizen fails to submit at a government window the application under paragraph (1) *b)* within the time limit set in paragraph (1) *c)*, the provisions of subtitle 2 shall apply subject to the following derogations:

a) the health screening under section 2 (1) need not be performed,

b) the location of the quarantine shall be specified by the competent epidemiological authority.

(4) A Hungarian citizen may enter the territory of Hungary without any restrictions specified in paragraph (1) also if he submitted the application under paragraph (1) *b)* by electronic means pursuant to the Act on the general rules on electronic administration and trust services and certifies this fact.

Section 9/D By way of derogation from the provisions of section 9/A and section 9/B, the entry of the Hungarian and non-Hungarian crew of a flight arriving from any foreign country to Hungary (both flight and cabin crew) shall, in all cases, be considered as entry for business purposes; crew members may enter into the territory of Hungary without any restrictions.

Section 9/E A person registered for vaccination against SARS-CoV-2 virus may enter the territory of Hungary without any restrictions to receive vaccination against SARS-CoV-2 virus. The fact of being registered for vaccination against SARS-CoV-2 virus shall be certified at the time of entry.

Section 9/F A person who registers for vaccination against SARS-CoV-2 virus in Hungary in accordance with section 9/E (4) *a*) of Government Decree 479/2020 (3 November) on further protective measures applicable during the period of state of danger may enter the territory of Hungary without any restrictions both for this purpose and for the purpose of receiving vaccination against SARS-CoV-2 virus following a further registration.

Section 9/G Persons under section 9/E and 9/F shall, on the day of their entry into the territory of Hungary, appear

a) at a vaccination point for vaccination or

b) before the registration authority for registration,

and shall leave the territory of Hungary within 24 hours of entry into the country.

Section 9/H (1) A person not falling under the scope of sections 9/E and 9/F who has attained the age of 18 years and has on 14 June 2021 a domicile in a settlement located in the area of an administrative unit listed in Annex 1 to Government Decree 348/2021 (22 June) on the protection against coronavirus of the population of administrative units bordering Hungary of neighbouring countries (hereinafter “Government Decree 348/2021”) (for the purposes of this section hereinafter “eligible person”) shall be allowed to enter Hungary for administration of the vaccination against the SARS-CoV-2 virus provided by Hungary free of charge without any restriction, in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3), at the border crossing point and the time specified in a Decree adopted by the minister responsible for border policing under an authorisation by section 3 of Government Decree 348/2021.

(2) When entering Hungary, the eligible person shall be required to certify with a public deed issued in his name in the neighbouring country that on 14 June 2021 he had a domicile in a settlement located in the area of an administrative unit of the neighbouring country listed in Annex 1 to Government Decree 348/2021.

(3) The eligible person shall be required to appear, for administration of the vaccination, at the vaccination point specified by the minister responsible for border policing on the day of his entering the territory of Hungary under paragraph (1), and to leave the territory of Hungary as soon as vaccination is administered or, if vaccination is not administered for any reason, immediately, but within 24 hours after his entering the territory of Hungary under paragraph (1) at the latest at the border crossing point specified in a Decree adopted by the minister responsible for border policing under an authorisation by section 3 of Government Decree 348/2021 in direction of the neighbouring country.

6. Cross-border workers

Section 10 (1) Citizens of, and Hungarian citizens living in, neighbouring states determined by the minister responsible for foreign policy in agreement with the minister responsible for border policing shall be entitled to enter the territory of Hungary to stay within 30 kilometres of the state border for a period of no more than 24 hours.

(2) A person staying within the territory of Hungary under paragraph (1) shall stay within a 30-kilometre zone from the state border and shall leave the territory of Hungary within 24 hours from entry.

(3) When returning from the territory of a neighbouring country determined by the minister responsible for foreign policy under paragraph (1), Hungarian citizens living in the territory of Hungary within a 30-kilometre zone from the state border between Hungary and that neighbouring country may enter the territory of Hungary without any restrictions, provided that the period of their stay abroad did not exceed 24 hours and they did not leave the 30-kilometre zone from the state border in the neighbouring country.

6/A

Section 10/A

Section 10/B

7. Provisions on visiting sports and cultural events

Section 11 (1) If a person

a) who is a competitor or sports technician, as defined by the Act on sports, of a Hungarian sports organisation, or

b) participating, on the basis of a personal invitation or delegation by a Hungarian sports organisation, in an international sports event organised abroad

enters the territory of Hungary after having participated in an international sports event organised abroad, the provision of section 3 shall apply subject to the derogations laid down in paragraphs (2) to (5).

(2) If the person specified under paragraph (1) has a domicile or place of residence in Hungary, the area of the real estate used for sporting activities by the sports organisation shall also be designated as the location of official home quarantine.

(3) By way of derogation from section 3 *b)* and *c)*, if the person specified under paragraph (1) has no domicile or place of residence in Hungary, in place of the designated quarantine, the area of the real estate used for sporting activities by the sports organisation shall be designated as the location of official home quarantine.

(4) During the period of official home quarantine, the person referred to in paragraph (2) may travel between his domicile or place of residence and the real estate used for sporting activities by the sports organisation in a way ensured by the sports organisation.

(5) Persons referred to in paragraphs (2) and (3) may participate in training organised by the sports organisation.

(6) For persons referred to in paragraph (1), 24 hours shall pass between molecular biological examinations under section 4 (1) (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare carried out on two occasions.

Section 12 (1) A person other than a Hungarian citizen

a) who is a participant, other than a member of the audience, in an international sports event organised within the territory of Hungary,

b) who has a personal letter of invitation issued by the official organiser of a sports competition held in Hungary,

c) who arrives at the invitation of a Hungarian sports organisation or national sports association

ca) as a competitor holding a competition licence,

cb) as a sports technician, or

cc) as a person assisting in the conduct of the sports competition,

d) who participates in a cultural event organised within the territory of Hungary

da) as a performer,

db) as a member of the technical staff

may, with the exception set out in paragraph (2), enter the territory of Hungary, provided that he certifies that at the time of the examination, the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus could not be detected in him by furnishing a document in Hungarian or English language that contains the results of molecular biological examinations (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare, carried out on two occasions within 5 days, with at least 48 hours passing between the examinations.

(2) By way of derogation from paragraph (1), a person referred to in paragraph (1) may also enter the territory of Hungary if he certifies that at the time of examination, the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus could not be detected in him by furnishing a document in Hungarian or English language that contains the results of a molecular biological examination (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare, carried out on a single occasion within 3 days before the sports event, sports competition or cultural event.

Section 12/A (1) A spectator of

- a) an international sports event or
- b) a cultural event

organised in Hungary (hereinafter jointly “spectator”) may enter the territory of Hungary in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3).

(2) When entering Hungary, the spectator

- a) may be subjected to a health screening, which he shall be required to tolerate,
- b) shall be required to present the ticket authorising him to attend the international sports event or the cultural event, and
- c) shall certify that, at the time of examination, the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus could not be detected in him by furnishing a document in Hungarian or English language that contains the results of a molecular biological examination (SARS-CoV-2 PCR test) complying with the professional rules of healthcare, carried out on a single occasion within 3 days before entry.

(3) A spectator may not be granted entry into the territory of Hungary if

- a) a health screening under paragraph (2) a) raises the suspicion of the infection,
- b) fails to present the ticket referred to in paragraph (2) b), or
- c) any doubt arises regarding the authenticity of the ticket referred to in paragraph (2) b).

(4) A person staying within the territory of Hungary under paragraph (1) shall be obliged to leave the territory of Hungary within 72 hours of entry.

Section 13 The Government may elaborate a separate government decree concerning epidemiological rules applicable to sports competitions and cultural events of major importance.

8. Rules pertaining to persons passing through the territory of Hungary

Section 14 (1) Persons other than Hungarian citizens arriving from abroad by personal road, rail or waterway traffic may enter the territory of Hungary for the purpose of transit passage, provided that they agree to undergo health screening upon entry and the health screening does not establish suspicion of the infection.

(2) As an additional requirement for entry for an objective specified under paragraph (1),

- a) the person other than a Hungarian citizen arriving from abroad shall meet the entry conditions set out in the Schengen Borders Code,
- b) the person other than a Hungarian citizen arriving from abroad shall provide credible evidence of the objective of travel and the destination country, and
- c) the entry to the destination country, and to any state neighbouring Hungary that is on the route planned for this purpose, of the person other than a Hungarian citizen arriving from abroad needs to be ensured.

(3) When passing through the territory of Hungary, a person other than a Hungarian citizen arriving from abroad by personal road traffic who was granted entry under paragraph (1) shall be allowed to use only the route determined in accordance with paragraph (5); may, with the exception specified under paragraph (4), stop only for reasons inevitably necessary for passing through, and in particular for health or technical reasons, and at rest areas determined in accordance with paragraph (5); and shall leave the territory of Hungary within the period determined in accordance with paragraph (5), but no later than within 24 hours.

(4) With the exception of stopping at rest areas determined in accordance with paragraph (5), only in technical or health emergency situations requiring immediate intervention may a person other than a Hungarian citizen arriving from abroad by personal road traffic who was granted entry under paragraph (1) interrupt his travel on the designated route and stop.

(5) The National Chief of Police shall determine and publish on the official website of the police the border crossings for transit traffic to enter and leave, the route for traffic passing through, the rest areas and the period available for leaving Hungary.

(6) When passing through the territory of Hungary, a person other than a Hungarian citizen arriving from abroad by personal rail or waterway traffic who was granted entry under paragraph (1) may stop only for reasons inevitably necessary for passing through, and in particular for health reasons, technical or traffic management reasons in relation with rail or waterway traffic or for transfer, and shall leave the territory of Hungary within the period determined in accordance with paragraph (7), but no later than within 24 hours.

(7) The National Chief of Police shall, taking into account also the schedules of public transportation, determine and publish on the official website of the police the border crossings for personal rail or waterway transit traffic to enter and leave and the period available for leaving Hungary.

9. Processing of epidemiological data

Section 15 The competent epidemiological authority shall register persons placed in a designated quarantine facility or official home quarantine.

Section 16 (1) The Government shall designate also the organ established to carry out general policing tasks (hereinafter “police”) as healthcare state administration organ

a) to monitor compliance with the rules on epidemiological isolation, observation, quarantine and restriction,

b) to register persons subjected to epidemiological isolation, observation, quarantine or restriction,

c) to register persons exposed to public health or epidemiological risks and persons who are connected to, or got into contact with, such persons and, therefore, are exposed to a public health or epidemiological risk.

(2) For the purpose of contributing to the tasks of the police as an epidemiological authority, data controllers shall transmit, at the request of the police, personal data processed under section 5 (3) of Act XLVII of 1997 on the processing and protection of health data and related personal data without delay, free of charge, and as a matter of priority compared to other data transmission obligations.

(3) The competent epidemiological authority shall forward to the police, for the performance of its monitoring tasks, any decision on ordering official home quarantine or on epidemiological isolation, observation, quarantine or restriction under Act CLIV of 1997 on healthcare (hereinafter “Eütv.”) as a matter of priority.

(4) The police shall register data under paragraph (3) for monitoring compliance with rules on epidemiological containment and official home quarantine. Data not required for monitoring compliance with rules on epidemiological containment and official home quarantine shall not be registered. Registered data shall be deleted at the time when the official home quarantine, epidemiological isolation, observation, quarantine or restriction is lifted.

10. Final provisions

Section 17 In the application of this Decree, the provisions of section 67/A (4) of the Eütv. shall be observed even if, in the situation specified in section 3 *b*) and *c*) or section 7 (3) *b*), designating an official home quarantine for the person subjected to the epidemiological measure was not possible due to the absence of an appropriate home or fenced area of it.

Section 18 For the infraction of violation of a protective measure set out in section 239/A (1) of Act II of 2012 on infractions, infraction procedure and the infraction records system, section 2 (1), section 7 (1) and (3), section 9 (2), section 10 (2) and (3), section 11 (4), section 12/A (2) *a*), section 12/A (4), section 14 (2) to (4) and section 14 (6) shall qualify as protective measures.

Section 19 (1) Authorisation shall be given to the minister responsible for public safety to determine in a decree the states, under section 9 (1), in the case of which the executive officers or employees of companies having an affiliated relation within the meaning of point 23 of section 4 of Act LXXXI of 1996 on corporate tax and dividend tax may enter the territory of Hungary without any restrictions.

(2) Authorisation shall be given to the minister responsible for foreign policy to determine in a decree, in agreement with the minister responsible for border policing, those neighbouring states, under section 10 (1), from which their citizens, and any Hungarian citizens living there, may enter the territory of Hungary to stay within a 30-kilometre zone from the state border for a period of no more than 24 hours.

(3) Authorisation shall be given to the minister responsible for foreign policy to determine in a decree, in agreement with the minister responsible for border policing, the states under section 9/A (2) *f*)

a) after a travel to which for economic or business purposes, a Hungarian citizen may re-enter the territory of Hungary without any restrictions, and

b) a citizen of which, or a person entitled to reside in which for longer than 90 days, may enter the territory of Hungary for economic or business purposes without any restrictions.

(4) Authorisation shall be given to the minister responsible for foreign policy to determine in a decree, in agreement with the minister responsible for border policing, the states that have entered into a valid bilateral agreement with Hungary on the mutual acceptance of certificates of immunity.

(5) Authorisation shall be given to the minister responsible for foreign policy to determine in a decree, in agreement with the minister responsible for border policing, the states the certificates of immunity issued by which are unilaterally recognised by Hungary. The minister responsible for foreign policy in agreement with the minister responsible for border policing may amend or repeal, including repealing the unilateral preferential treatment relating to a specific country, the list of the countries so determined based on their epidemiological situation and the related measures.

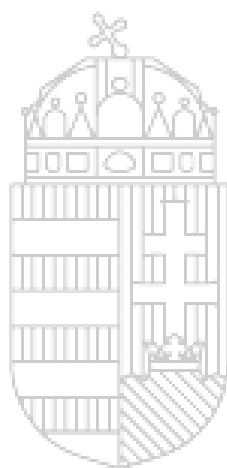
Section 19/A The minister responsible for foreign policy shall publish on the official website of the Government the model of the certificate of immunity of the state concerned that is accepted by Hungary.

Section 20 The Chief Medical Officer shall, after seeking the opinion of the Operational Corps operating during the period of state of epidemiological preparedness and established on the basis of section 1 (1) of Government Decree 286/2020 (17 June) setting out the responsibilities of the Operational Corps, determine the scope of, and method for carrying out, the examinations to be carried out during the health screening prior to entering the territory of Hungary.

Section 21 This Decree shall enter into force on 1 September 2020.

Section 22

Section 23



MINISTRY OF JUSTICE
HUNGARY